

118TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 589

To impose sanctions on the Supreme Leader of Iran and the President of Iran and their respective offices for human rights abuses and support for terrorism.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 27, 2023

Mr. BANKS (for himself, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. WALTZ, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. CRENSHAW, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. FALLON, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. MURPHY, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, Mr. GUEST, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. SWALWELL, and Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, Financial Services, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To impose sanctions on the Supreme Leader of Iran and the President of Iran and their respective offices for human rights abuses and support for terrorism.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the “Mahsa Amini Human
3 rights and Security Accountability Act” or the “MAHSA
4 Act”.

5 SEC. 2. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS ON IRAN'S SUPREME

LEADER'S OFFICE, ITS APPOINTEES, AND ANY

7 AFFILIATED PERSONS.

8 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

9 (1) The Supreme Leader is an institution of the
10 Islamic Republic of Iran.

(2) The Supreme Leader holds ultimate authority over Iran's judiciary and security apparatus, including the Ministry of Intelligence and Security, law enforcement forces under the Interior Ministry, the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), and the Basij, a nationwide volunteer paramilitary group subordinate to the IRGC, all of which have engaged in human rights abuses in Iran. Additionally the IRGC, a United States designated Foreign Terrorist Organization, which reports to the Supreme Leader, continues to perpetrate terrorism around the globe, including attempts to kill and kidnap American citizens on United States soil.

1 system and maintained that trials disregarded international standards of fairness.

3 (4) The revolutionary courts, created by Iran's
4 former Supreme Leader Ruhollah Khomeini, within
5 Iran's judiciary, are chiefly responsible for hearing
6 cases of political offenses, operate in parallel to
7 Iran's criminal justice system and routinely hold
8 grossly unfair trials without due process, handing
9 down predetermined verdicts and rubberstamping
10 executions for political purpose.

11 (5) The Iranian security and law enforcement
12 forces engage in serious human rights abuse at the
13 behest of the Supreme Leader.

14 (6) Iran's President, Ebrahim Raisi, sits at the
15 helm of the most sanctioned cabinet in Iranian history which includes internationally sanctioned rights
16 violators. Raisi has supported the recent crackdown
17 on protestors and is rights violator himself, having
18 served on a "death commission" in 1988 that led to
19 the execution of several thousand political prisoners
20 in Iran. He most recently served as the head of
21 Iran's judiciary, a position appointed by Iran's current Supreme Leader Ali Khamenei, and may likely
22 be a potential candidate to replace Khamenei as
23 Iran's next Supreme Leader.

1 (7) On September 16th, 2022, 22-year-old
2 woman, Mahsa Amini, died in the detention of the
3 Morality Police after being beaten and detained for
4 allegedly transgressing discriminatory dress codes
5 for women. This tragic incident triggered wide-
6 spread, pro-women's rights, pro-democracy protests
7 across all of Iran's 31 provinces, calling for the end
8 to Iran's theocratic regime.

9 (8) In the course of the protests, the Iranian
10 security forces' violent crackdown includes mass ar-
11 rests, well documented beating of protestors, throt-
12 tling of the internet and telecommunications serv-
13 ices, and shooting protestors with live ammunition.
14 Five weeks into the protests, Iranian security forces
15 have reportedly killed hundreds of protestors and
16 other civilians, including women and children, and
17 wounded many more.

18 (9) Iran's Supreme Leader is the leader of the
19 "Axis of Resistance", which is a network of
20 Tehran's terror proxy and partner militias material
21 supported by the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps
22 that targets the United States as well as its allies
23 and partners.

24 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
25 gress that—

8 (c) IN GENERAL.—

(B) Sanctions applicable with respect to a person pursuant to Executive Order 13553 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking property

1 of certain persons with respect to serious
2 human rights abuses by the Government of
3 Iran).

4 (C) Sanctions applicable with respect to a
5 person pursuant to Executive Order 13224 (50
6 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking property
7 and prohibiting transactions with persons who
8 commit, threaten to commit, or support ter-
9 rorism).

10 (D) Sanctions applicable with respect to a
11 person pursuant to Executive Order 13818 (re-
12 lating to blocking the property of persons in-
13 volved in serious human rights abuse or corrup-
14 tion).

15 (E) Sanctions applicable with respect to a
16 person pursuant to Executive Order 13876 (re-
17 lating to imposing sanctions with respect to
18 Iran).

19 (F) Penalties and visa bans applicable with
20 respect to a person pursuant to section 7031(c)
21 of the Department of State, Foreign Oper-
22 ations, and Related Programs Appropriations
23 Act, 2021.

24 (d) PERSONS DESCRIBED.—The persons described in
25 this subsection are the following:

1 (1) The Supreme Leader of Iran and any official
2 in the Office of the Supreme Leader of Iran.

3 (2) The President of Iran and any official in
4 the Office of the President of Iran or the President's
5 cabinet, including cabinet ministers and executive
6 vice presidents.

7 (3) Any entity, including foundations and economic
8 conglomerates, overseen by the Office of the
9 Supreme Leader of Iran which is complicit in financing
10 or resourcing of human rights abuses or support
11 for terrorism.

12 (4) Any official of any entity owned or controlled
13 by the Supreme Leader of Iran or the Office
14 of the Supreme Leader of Iran.

15 (5) Any person determined by the Secretary of
16 the Treasury, in consultation with or at the recommendation
17 of the Secretary of State—

18 (A) to be a person appointed by the Supreme Leader of Iran, the Office of the Supreme Leader of Iran, the President of Iran, or the Office of the President of Iran to a position as a state official of Iran, or as the head of any entity located in Iran or any entity located outside of Iran that is owned or controlled by one or more entities in Iran;

(B) to have materially assisted, sponsored, or provided financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support of any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this section;

(C) to be owned or controlled by, or to have acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this section; or

(D) to be a member of the board of directors or a senior executive officer of any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to this section.

(e) CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after receiving a request from the chairman and ranking member of one of the appropriate congressional committees with respect to whether a person meets the criteria of a person described in subsection (d)(5), the President shall—

(A) determine if the person meets such criteria; and

(B) submit a classified or unclassified report to such chairman and ranking member

1 with respect to such determination that includes
2 a statement of whether or not the President im-
3 posed or intends to impose sanctions with re-
4 spect to the person pursuant to this section.

5 (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
6 TEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “ap-
7 propriate congressional committees” means—

- 8 (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
9 the House of Representatives; and
10 (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
11 the Senate.

