..... (Original Signature of Member)

118th CONGRESS 2D Session



To require the imposition of sanctions with respect to conflict in Sudan, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. MEEKS introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To require the imposition of sanctions with respect to conflict in Sudan, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "U.S. Engagement in Sudanese Peace Act".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 3. Sense of Congress.

TITLE I—SANCTIONS AUTHORITIES

- Sec. 101. Report on international crimes and blocking humanitarian aid.
- Sec. 102. Report on foreign entities violating the United Nations arms embargo on Darfur.
- Sec. 103. Sanctions required.
- Sec. 104. Termination of sanctions.
- Sec. 105. Definitions.

TITLE II—OTHER PROVISIONS

- Sec. 201. Strategy.
- Sec. 202. Special Presidential Envoy for Sudan.
- Sec. 203. Use of United States influence at the United Nations.
- Sec. 204. Assistance to deploy and sustain a United Nations, African Union, or multinational force.
- Sec. 205. Empowering Sudanese women and youth.
- Sec. 206. Prohibition on sale and licensing of major defense equipment.
- Sec. 207. Certification and report on non-restriction of United States humanitarian assistance in Sudan.
- Sec. 208. Report on United States weapons being used in Sudan.

1 SEC. 2. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- 2 It is the policy of the United States—
- 3 (1) to support an inclusive diplomatic process,
 4 that meaningfully includes women and youth leaders,
 5 and marginalized communities, to establish a cease
 6 fire and a sustainable peace agreement in Sudan;
- 7 (2) to support justice and accountability for violations of international humanitarian law, and war 8 9 crimes, crimes against humanity, and other serious 10 human rights abuses by armed actors in Sudan, es-11 pecially those involved in the conflict that began on 12 April 15, 2023, those who perpetrated the October 13 25, 2021, coup d'etat, and those who committed 14 human rights abuses during and in the wake of the 15 state of emergency declared by the military junta 16 after the October 25, 2021, coup d'etat; and

1 (3) to pursue a strategy on Sudan that in-2 cludes—

3 (A) leading and coordinating international
4 efforts to establish and facilitate a comprehen5 sive and inclusive peace process that meaning6 fully includes civil society and seeks a sustain7 able end to the country's conflicts;

8 (B) facilitating unrestricted delivery of hu-9 manitarian aid throughout Sudan, across mili-10 tary lines and across international borders, in-11 cluding through local grassroots organizations;

12 (C) developing and advancing a plan for
13 the prevention of mass atrocities and for pro14 tecting civilians;

15 (D) pursuing survivor-centered justice and 16 accountability for violations of international hu-17 manitarian law, war crimes, crimes against hu-18 manity, and other serious human rights abuses, 19 including conflict-related sexual and gender-20 based violence; and

(E) supporting an inclusive dialogue aimed
at establishing a civilian-led transition to democracy, including by promoting mechanisms
that ensure the meaningful leadership and in-

1	clusion of women, youth, and traditionally
2	marginalized communities.
3	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
4	It is the sense of Congress that—
5	(1) the Secretary of State, in consultation with
6	the Attorney General and the Secretary of the
7	Treasury, should—
8	(A) sanction the leadership of the Rapid
9	Support Forces (RSF) and the Sudanese
10	Armed Forces (SAF) responsible for strategic
11	decisions that have directed or enabled the com-
12	mission of atrocities, including genocide, war
13	crimes, and crimes against humanity;
14	(B) sanction adult family members of
15	those in the leadership of the RSF and SAF
16	unless such family member has condemned the
17	sanctionable activity and taken tangible steps to
18	oppose the activity; and
19	(C) designate the RSF for sanctions;
20	(2) the United Nations should expand its arms
21	embargo to all of Sudan;
22	(3) United Nations assessed contributions
23	should be used pursuant to United Nations Security
24	Council Resolution 2719 (2023) to fund an African
25	Union force to protect civilians, support ceasefire

1	monitoring, or secure humanitarian operations in
2	Sudan if such a force is authorized; and
3	(4) the United States Agency for International

4 Development should develop a plan to facilitate 5 greater funding to emergency response rooms and 6 other local mutual aid organizations providing hu-7 manitarian assistance in Sudan, including use of 8 market-based assistance.

9 TITLE I—SANCTIONS 10 AUTHORITIES

11SEC. 101. REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL CRIMES AND12BLOCKING HUMANITARIAN AID.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
that identifies each foreign person that has knowingly engaged in any of the following conduct in Sudan since April
2023:

19 (1) Perpetrating, directing, or enabling the
20 commission of genocide, war crimes, or crimes
21 against humanity against civilians.

(2) Systematic blocking of and interference withthe delivery of humanitarian aid to civilians.

(b) UPDATE.—The President shall submit to the ap-propriate congressional committees an update of the re-

port required by subsection (a) for each of the 5 calendar
 years following the calendar year in which the initial re port is submitted.

4 SEC. 102. REPORT ON FOREIGN ENTITIES VIOLATING THE 5 UNITED NATIONS ARMS EMBARGO ON 6 DARFUR.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the 8 date of enactment of this Act, the President shall submit 9 to the appropriate congressional committees a report that 10 identifies each foreign person determined to be violating 11 the United Nations arms embargo on Darfur imposed pur-12 suant to United Nations Security Council Resolutions 13 1556 (July 30, 2004) and 1591 (March 29, 2005).

(b) UPDATE.—The President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an update of the report required by subsection (a) for each of the 5 calendar
years following the calendar year in which the initial report is submitted.

19 SEC. 103. SANCTIONS REQUIRED.

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the21 date on which the President—

(1) submits the report or update to the report
required by section 101, the President shall impose
6 or more of the sanctions described in paragraphs

1	(1) through (7) of subsection (b) on each foreign
2	person identified in the report; and

3 (2) submits the report or update to the report
4 required by section 102, the President shall impose
5 4 or more of the sanctions described in paragraphs
6 (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7) of subsection (b) on each
7 foreign person identified in the report.

8 (b) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions de-9 scribed in this subsection are the following:

10 (1) BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.—The President 11 shall pursuant to the International Emergency Eco-12 nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), block 13 and prohibit all transactions in all property and in-14 terests in property of the foreign person if such 15 property and interests in property are in the United 16 States, come within the United States, or are or 17 come within the possession or control of a United 18 States person.

19 (2) EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ASSISTANCE FOR
20 EXPORTS TO SANCTIONED PERSONS.—The President
21 shall direct the Export-Import Bank of the United
22 States not to give approval to the issuance of any
23 guarantee, insurance, extension of credit, or partici24 pation in the extension of credit in connection with

the export of any goods or services to the foreign
 person.

3 (3) LOANS FROM UNITED STATES FINANCIAL 4 INSTITUTIONS.—The President shall prohibit any 5 United States financial institution from making 6 loans or providing credits to the foreign person total-7 ing more than \$10,000,000 in any 12-month period 8 unless the person is primarily engaged in activities 9 to relieve human suffering and the loans or credits are provided for such activities. 10

11 (4) LOANS FROM INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL 12 INSTITUTIONS.—The President shall direct the 13 United States executive director to each inter-14 national financial institution to use the voice and 15 vote of the United States to oppose any loan from the international financial institution that would 16 17 benefit the foreign person.

18 (5) LOANS FROM THE INTERNATIONAL DEVEL-19 OPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION AND THE UNITED 20 STATES TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY.—The 21 President shall direct the Chief Executive Officer of 22 the United States International Development Fi-23 nance Corporation and the Director of the United 24 States Trade and Development Agency to prohibit 25 any loan, loan guarantee, equity investment, project

1	assistance, or any other type of support to a listed
2	foreign person.
3	(6) PROCUREMENT SANCTION.—The United
4	States Government may not procure, or enter into
5	any contract for the procurement of, any goods or
6	services from the foreign person.
7	(7) Exclusion of foreign individuals.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall di-
9	rect the Secretary of State to deny a visa to,
10	and the Secretary of Homeland Security to ex-
11	clude from the United States, any individual
12	identified in the report required by subsection
13	(a).
14	(B) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
15	alien who the Secretary of State or the Sec-
16	retary of Homeland Security (or a designee of
17	one of such Secretaries) knows, or has reason
18	to believe, is described in subparagraph (A) is—
19	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
20	(ii) ineligible for a visa or other docu-
21	mentation to enter the United States; and
22	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
23	or paroled into the United States or to re-
24	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-

1	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
2	seq.).
3	(C) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—
4	(i) IN GENERAL.—The issuing con-
5	sular officer, the Secretary of State, or the
6	Secretary of Homeland Security (or a des-
7	ignee of one of such Secretaries) shall, in
8	accordance with section 221(i) of the Im-
9	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
10	1201(i)), revoke any visa or other entry
11	documentation issued to an alien described
12	in subparagraph (A) regardless of when
13	the visa or other entry documentation is
14	issued.
15	(ii) Effect of revocation.—A rev-
16	ocation under clause (i)—
17	(I) shall take effect immediately;
18	and
19	(II) shall automatically cancel
20	any other valid visa or entry docu-
21	mentation that is in the alien's pos-
22	session.
23	(c) EXCEPTIONS.—
24	(1) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTER-
25	NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS.—Sanctions under sub-

1	section $(b)(7)$ shall not apply with respect to the ad-
2	mission of an alien if admitting or paroling the alien
3	into the United States is necessary to permit the
4	United States to comply with the Agreement regard-
5	ing the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed
6	at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into
7	force November 21, 1947, between the United Na-
8	tions and the United States, or other applicable
9	international obligations.
10	(2) EXCEPTION RELATING TO THE PROVISION
11	OF HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.—Sanctions under
12	this section may not be imposed with respect to
13	transactions or the facilitation of transactions for—
14	(A) the sale of agricultural commodities,
15	food, medicine, or medical devices;
16	(B) the provision of humanitarian assist-
17	ance;
18	(C) financial transactions relating to hu-
19	manitarian assistance; or
20	(D) transporting goods or services that are
21	necessary to carry out operations relating to
22	humanitarian assistance.
23	(3) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE, LAW EN-
24	FORCEMENT, AND NATIONAL SECURITY ACTIVI-
25	TIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply

1	to any authorized intelligence, law enforcement, or
2	national security activities of the United States.
3	(4) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—In any judicial
4	review of a determination made under this section,
5	if the determination was based on classified informa-
6	tion (as defined in section 1(a) of the Classified In-
7	formation Procedures Act) such information may be
8	submitted to the reviewing court ex parte and in
9	camera. This paragraph does not confer or imply

10 any right to judicial review.

(d) NATIONAL INTEREST WAIVER.—The President
may waive the imposition of sanctions under subsection
(b) with respect to a person if the President—

- 14 (1) determines that such a waiver is vital to the15 national interests of the United States; and
- 16 (2) not more than 15 days after issuing the
 17 waiver, submits to the appropriate congressional
 18 committees a notification of the waiver and the rea19 sons for the waiver.

20 SEC. 104. TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection
(b), the President may terminate the application of sanctions under this section with respect to a person if the
President determines and reports to the appropriate con-

gressional committees not later than 15 days before the
 termination of the sanctions that—

- 3 (1) credible information exists that the person
 4 did not engage in the activity for which sanctions
 5 were imposed;
- 6 (2) the person has credibly demonstrated a sig-7 nificant change in behavior, has paid an appropriate 8 consequence for the activity for which sanctions were 9 imposed, and has credibly committed to not engage 10 in an activity described in subsection (a) in the fu-11 ture; or
- 12 (3) the termination of the sanctions is in the13 vital national interests of the United States.
- (b) SANCTIONS RELATING TO BLOCKING THE PROVI15 SION OF HUMANITARIAN AID TO CIVILIANS.—The author16 ity to impose sanctions under section 101(3) shall termi17 nate if a comprehensive agreement to end the conflict is
 18 reached and implemented between the warring parties in
 19 Sudan.

20 SEC. 105. DEFINITIONS.

- 21 In this title—
- (1) the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—

1	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
2	the Committee on Financial Services of the
3	House of Representatives; and
4	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
5	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
6	Urban Affairs of the Senate;
7	(2) the term "foreign person" means an indi-
8	vidual or entity that is not a United States person;
9	and
10	(3) the term "United States person" means—
11	(A) a United States citizen;
12	(B) a permanent resident alien of the
13	United States; or
14	(C) an entity organized under the laws of
15	the United States or of any jurisdiction within
16	the United States, including a foreign branch of
17	such an entity.
18	TITLE II—OTHER PROVISIONS
19	SEC. 201. STRATEGY.
20	(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the
21	date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall sub-
22	mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House
23	of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Rela-
24	tions of the Senate a strategy to support the protection
25	of civilians, the delivery of humanitarian assistance, and

progress towards a sustainable peace in Sudan that in cludes—

3 (1) plans for establishing and leading a diplo4 matic mechanism for negotiations that lead to a
5 comprehensive cease fire and a sustainable peace;

6 (2) actions in multilateral fora and with re-7 gional institutions in support of protection of civil-8 ians, sustained and unimpeded humanitarian access, 9 enforcement of the United Nations arms embargo 10 and the expansion of the United Nations arms em-11 bargo to include all of Sudan;

(3) plans to support an inclusive civilian political dialogue, including activities to improve and increase women's and youth's meaningful leadership
and participation in political negotiations, related to
the development of a constitutional framework and
a pathway that will lead to civilian rule;

18 (4) efforts to support grassroots organizations 19 that are currently providing humanitarian and 20 peacebuilding assistance to the Sudanese people in 21 conflict-affected areas that traditional implementing 22 partners cannot reach, including through the devel-23 opment of mechanisms through which to fund orga-24 nizations and the facilitation of electronic means and 25 other technology enabling communication;

1	(5) efforts to provide training and other sup-
2	port for doctors, lawyers, and other human rights
3	defenders, as well as those working at the grassroots
4	providing humanitarian assistance, on activities un-
5	dertaken to—
6	(A) support accountability for human
7	rights abuses, including gathering witness testi-
8	mony and preservation of forensic evidence; and
9	(B) provide psychosocial support for Suda-
10	nese civilians who experienced violence, particu-
11	larly victims of conflict related sexual and gen-
12	der-based violence;
13	(6) a comprehensive sanctions strategy focused
14	on deterring war crimes and crimes against human-
15	ity, ending hostilities, and supporting accountability
16	by—
17	(A) targeting actors, both within Sudan
18	and internationally, who are responsible for
19	gross violations of human rights and inter-
20	national humanitarian law and whose action en-
21	able those responsible for such violations; and
22	(B) targeting actors providing arms, mate-
23	rial, and financial support to the Rapid Support
24	Forces (RSF) and the Sudanese Armed Forces

(SAF) or individuals belonging to or affiliated
 with these individuals; and

3 (7) an identification of countries supporting the
4 RSF or SAF through provision of materiel or other
5 resources or equipment.

6 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date 7 on which the strategy required by subsection (a) is sub-8 mitted to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House 9 of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Rela-10 tions of the Senate, and every 180 days thereafter for 4 years, the Secretary of State shall submit to such commit-11 tees a report on implementation of the strategy that in-12 13 cludes substantive updates of the matters described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a). 14

15 SEC. 202. SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL ENVOY FOR SUDAN.

16 (a) Establishment.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall, con-18 sistent with section 1(j) of the State Department 19 Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(j)), 20 appoint an individual with appropriate expertise as 21 the Special Presidential Envoy for Sudan that re-22 ports directly to the President or the Secretary of 23 State, to coordinate United States policy and diplo-24 matic efforts and to work with international part-25 ners to address the complex crisis in Sudan.

(2) PROHIBITION.—The individual appointed
 pursuant to paragraph (1) should not hold another
 position in the Department of State while holding
 the position of Special Presidential Envoy for
 Sudan.

6 (b) DUTIES.—The Special Presidential Envoy for7 Sudan shall—

8 (1) lead and coordinate United States diplo-9 matic efforts to help end the conflict, protect civil-10 ians, remove blockages to humanitarian access, and 11 achieve peace in Sudan;

12 (2) coordinate with interagency partners;

(3) diplomatically engage with foreign governments, international and multilateral organizations,
and civil society organizations to catalyze efforts to
help end the conflict and mobilize contributions to
address the humanitarian crisis;

(4) consult regularly with Sudanese civil society
groups and leaders (including women-led organizations, emergency response rooms, and resistance
committees), Sudanese diaspora groups, nongovernmental organizations, think tanks, and advocates to
inform diplomatic efforts and strategy and keep such
groups aware of ongoing efforts; and

1 (5) consult regularly with the Committee on 2 Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and 3 the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate. 4 (c) STAFFING.—The Special Presidential Envoy for 5 Sudan is authorized to hire such personnel as may be necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the 6 7 Special Envoy, including, at a minimum, a chief of staff, 8 a deputy chief of staff, and at least 2 advisors, at least 9 one of whom has significant humanitarian expertise and at least one of whom has expertise in women's role in 10 peacebuilding, security, and decision-making processes. 11

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
authorized to be appropriated \$4,000,000 in each of fiscal
years 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, and 2029, to carry out
this section.

(e) TERMINATION.—The President may terminate
the position of Special Presidential Envoy for Sudan on
the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment
of this Act.

20 SEC. 203. USE OF UNITED STATES INFLUENCE AT THE21UNITED NATIONS.

The Secretary of State and the United States Permanent Representative to the United Nations shall use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the United Nations and other multilateral bodies to—

1	(1) advocate for unimpeded humanitarian ac-
2	cess and an immediate end to bureaucratic impedi-
3	ments to humanitarian assistance in Sudan;
4	(2) support the documentation of suspected war
5	crimes and crimes against humanity;
6	(3) ensure development of plans for protection
7	of civilians in Sudan; and
8	(4) advocate for an end to hostilities in Sudan.
9	SEC. 204. ASSISTANCE TO DEPLOY AND SUSTAIN A UNITED
10	NATIONS, AFRICAN UNION, OR MULTI-
11	NATIONAL FORCE.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in con-
13	sultation with the Administrator of the United States
14	Agency for International Development, is authorized to
15	provide assistance to deploy and sustain a United Nations,
16	African Union, or multinational force to advance civilian
17	protection, facilitate humanitarian operations, and mon-
18	itor any prospective cease fire in Sudan.
19	(b) CONDITIONS.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—Assistance provided under
21	subsection (a) may not be provided until the force
22	has agreed not to transfer title to, or possession of,
23	any such assistance to anyone not an officer, em-
24	
	ployee or agent of the force, and not to use or to

other than those for which such assistance was fur nished, unless the consent of the President has first
 been obtained, and written assurances reflecting all
 of the forgoing have been obtained from the force by
 the President.

6 (2)CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—If the 7 President consents to the transfer of such assistance 8 to anyone not an officer, employee, or agent of the 9 force, or agrees to permit the use of such assistance 10 for any purposes other than those for which such as-11 sistance was furnished, the President shall imme-12 diately notify the Committee on Foreign Affairs of 13 the House of Representatives and the Committee on 14 Foreign Relations of the Senate in accordance with 15 the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifica-16 tions under section 634A of the Foreign Assistance 17 Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394–1).

(c) ADDITIONAL CIVILIAN PROTECTION OPTIONS.—
The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Administrator of USAID, shall engage the United Nations, African Union, and other international, regional, and local
stakeholders to develop additional civilian protection options in Sudan, including community-based mechanisms,
and international monitoring or observation mechanisms.

1 (d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of De-2 fense, the Secretary of State, the Director of National Intelligence, and the Administrator of the United States 3 4 Agency for International Development are authorized to 5 detail or second staff and to provide other technical assistance to the African Union to analyze conditions and plan 6 7 for the potential establishment of a multinational civilian 8 protection force in Sudan.

9 SEC. 205. EMPOWERING SUDANESE WOMEN AND YOUTH.

10 (a) SUDANESE WOMEN.—Consistent with the Women, Peace, and Security Act of 2017, the Secretary 11 12 of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in coordination with 13 heads of other relevant Federal agencies and supported 14 15 by the U.S. Ambassador-at-Large for Global Women's Issues, should take all available measures to actively facili-16 tate the safe and meaningful leadership and participation 17 of Sudanese women in-18

(1) all formal and informal conflict prevention
and conflict resolution processes to address the conflict in Sudan, as well as post-conflict relief, recovery, justice, accountability, and democratic governance efforts;

24 (2) all gender-based violence prevention, mitiga-25 tion, and response efforts; and

1 (3) planning and delivery of humanitarian relief 2 and protection efforts to promote increased safety and access to humanitarian assistance by women 3 4 and girls. 5 (b) SUDANESE YOUTH.—The Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-6 7 national Development should actively facilitate the safe 8 and meaningful leadership and participation of Sudanese youth in— 9 10 (1) all conflict prevention and conflict resolution 11 processes to address the conflict in Sudan, as well 12 post-conflict relief, recovery, justice, accountas 13 ability, and democratic governance efforts; 14 (2) all gender-based violence prevention, mitiga-15 tion, and response efforts; and 16 (3) planning and delivery of humanitarian relief 17 and protection efforts.

18 SEC. 206. PROHIBITION ON SALE AND LICENSING OF
 19 MAJOR DEFENSE EQUIPMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—No sale, export, or transfer of
major defense equipment (as such term is defined in section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
2794(6)) may be provided to any country that the President identifies as supporting the Rapid Support Forces

(RSF) or the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) pursuant to
 section 201(7).

3 (b) WAIVER.—The President may waive the prohibi4 tion in subsection (a) on a case-by-case basis if the Presi5 dent—

6 (1) determines such a waiver is vital to the na7 tional interests of the United States; and

8 (2) not more than 15 days after issuing the 9 waiver, submits to the appropriate congressional 10 committees a notification of the waiver and a de-11 tailed description and justification for the utilization 12 of the waiver.

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE14 FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congres15 sional committees" means—

16 (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
17 Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep18 resentatives; and

(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations andthe Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

21 SEC. 207. CERTIFICATION AND REPORT ON NON-RESTRIC22 TION OF UNITED STATES HUMANITARIAN AS23 SISTANCE IN SUDAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.— Not later than 90 days after thedate of the enactment of this Act, the President shall sub-

mit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House 1 2 of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a certification and report consistent 3 4 with the requirements of section 620I(a) of the Foreign 5 Assistance Act of 1961 describing and assessing the extent to which any country prohibits or otherwise restricts, di-6 7 rectly or indirectly, the transport or delivery of United 8 States humanitarian assistance in Sudan, including any 9 United States Government-supported international efforts 10 to provide such humanitarian assistance.

(b) USE OF EXCEPTION.—The certification and report required by subsection (a) shall include a description
of any uses of the exercise of the authority described in
section 620I(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and
the date such waiver was exercised in the continued provision of assistance to such country.

17 (c) FORM.—The certification and report required by
18 subsection (a) shall be provided in unclassified form but
19 may contain a classified annex if submitted separately
20 from the unclassified portion.

21 SEC. 208. REPORT ON UNITED STATES WEAPONS BEING 22 USED IN SUDAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Di-

rector of National Intelligence, shall submit to the Com mittee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Armed
 Services of the House of Representatives and the Com mittee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Armed
 Services of the Senate a report on United States-origin
 weapons or military equipment being used by belligerents
 in Sudan.

8 (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report shall9 include the following:

10 (1) An assessment of whether United States-or11 igin weapons have been or are currently being used
12 by belligerents in Sudan and by which actors.

(2) A list of the types of United States-origin
weapons identified as having been used by belligerents in Sudan.

16 (3) An analysis of the chain of control for any
17 United States-origin weapons identified as having
18 been used by belligerents in Sudan.

(4) A summary of actions already taken or
steps necessary to prevent any United States-origin
weapons from being used by belligerents in Sudan.
(c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)
shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain
a classified annex if submitted separately from the unclassified portion.